



# Water Quality for Bioluminescent Mangrove Lagoon in St. Croix, USVI

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# Bioluminescence

[www.youtube.com](http://www.youtube.com)



*Pyrodinium bahamense*

- Caused by dinoflagellate, *Pyrodinium bahamense*
- Possible explanation: Burglar Alarm Theory
- Distributed all throughout Caribbean and Atlantic
- Caused by oxidation reaction of luciferin
- Short residence time + shallow + mangrove coverage



# Bioluminescence in SARI



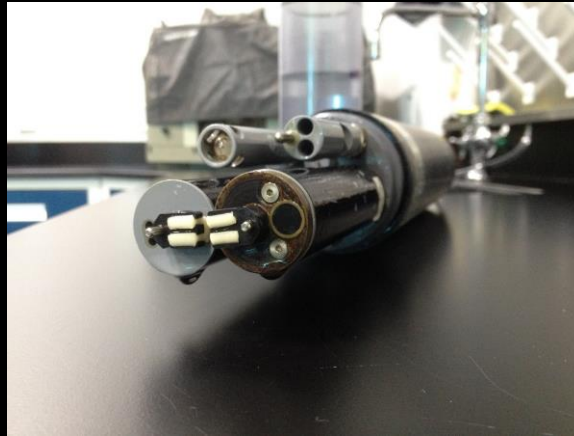
Location	Area (m <sup>2</sup> )
Oster Bay, Jamaica	29
Puerto Mosquito, PR	9
Laguna Grande, PR	5
Mangrove Bay, VI	0.3

- Salt River Bay National Historical Park and Ecological Preserve (SARI) - 1992
- Mangrove Lagoon is a small, shallow manmade embayment
- Maximum depth: 2.2 m
- “*Ecological Characterization of Bioluminescence in Mangrove Lagoon, St. Croix*”





# *In situ* Water Quality Monitoring

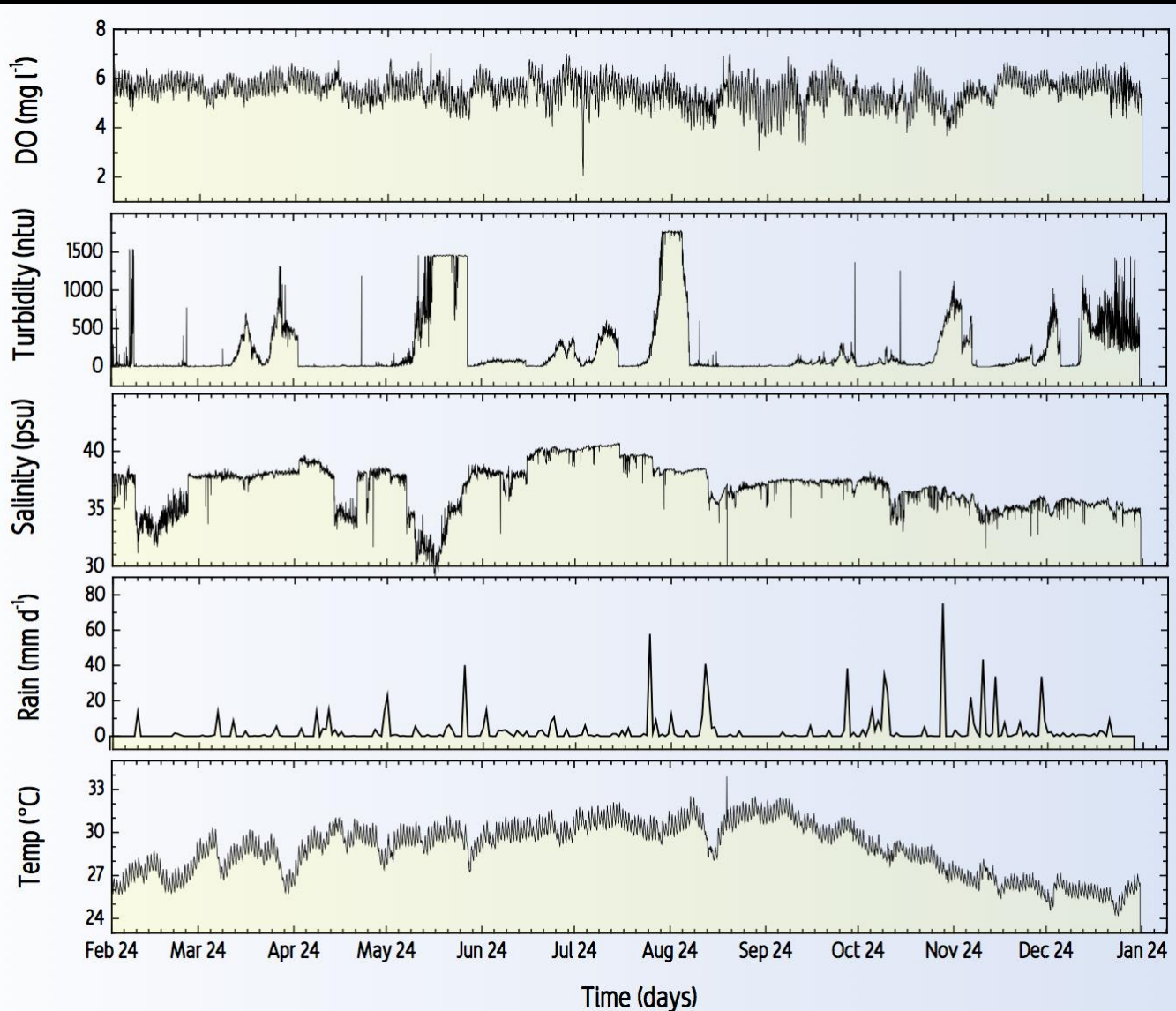


- *In-situ* Multi-parameter Water Quality Monitoring System (Sonde)
- Sonde: YSI 6920 V2
- pH, temperature ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ), Turbidity (NTU), Dissolved Oxygen ( $\text{DO}$ ,  $\text{mg L}^{-1}$ ) and salinity (ppt)
- Programmed to log data in 1-hr intervals during the 1-yr study
- Total number of samples logged:  $n = 8,085$
- Installed a weather station



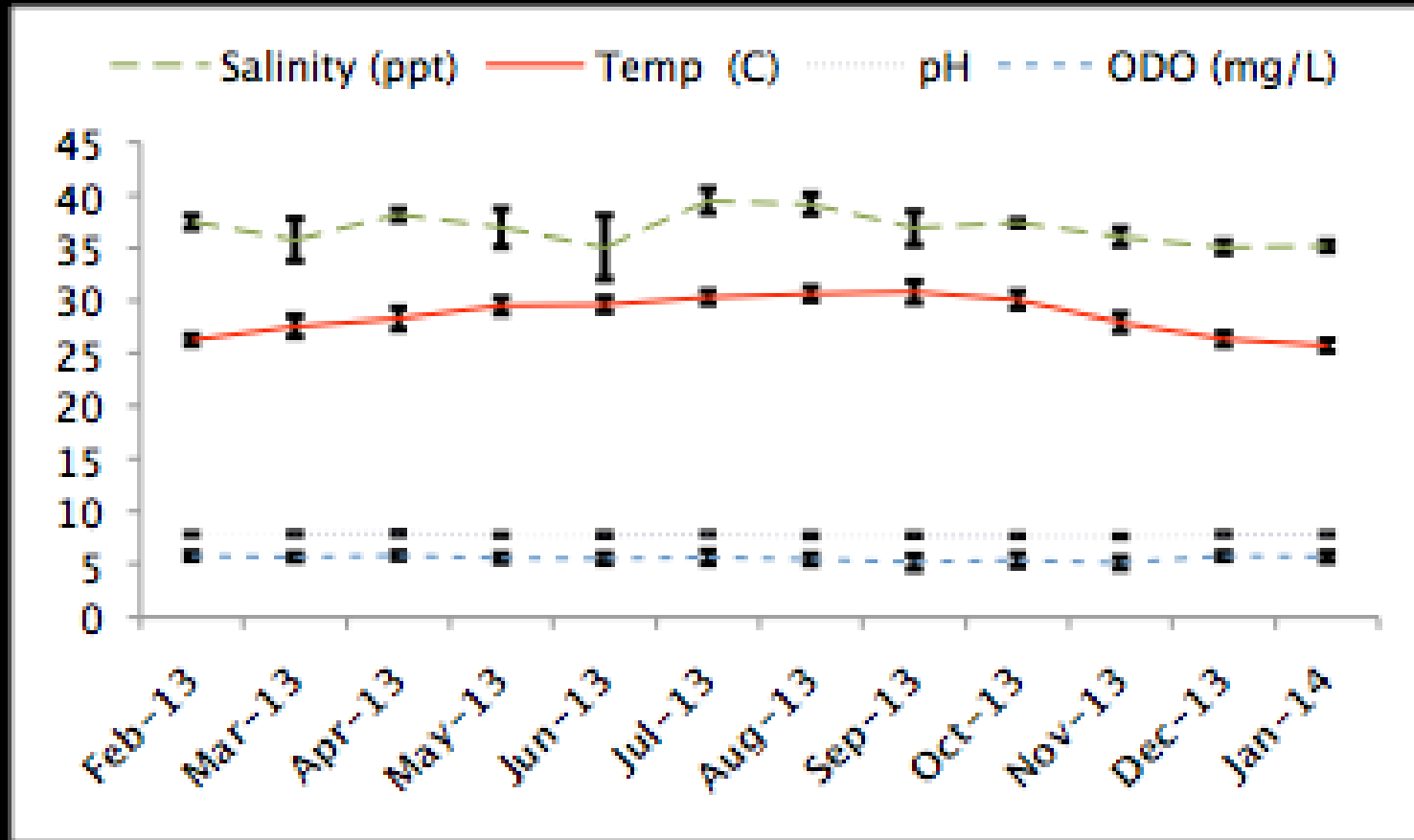


# Water Quality Results





# Water Quality Averaged



## Turbidity:

- Some peaks associated with precipitation
- Data easily fouled

## Salinity:

- Lower during rainy season
- Not always correlated with rainfall

## Rain and Temperature:

- Seasonal

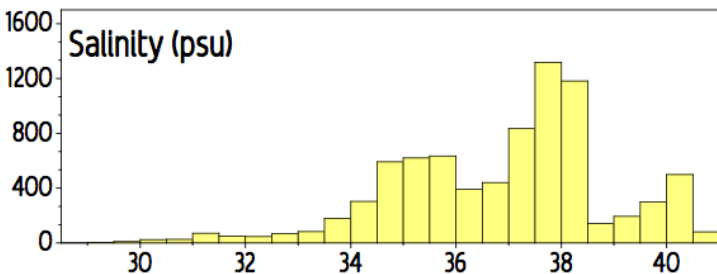
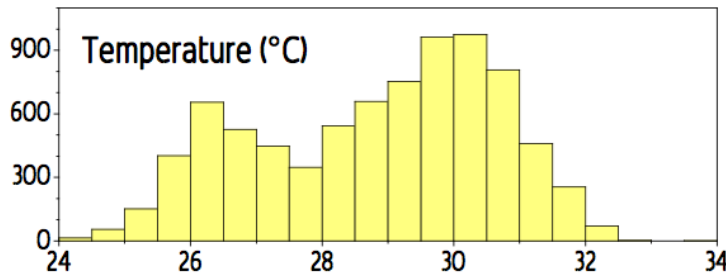
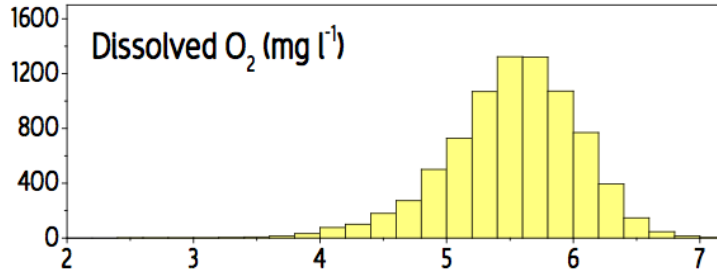
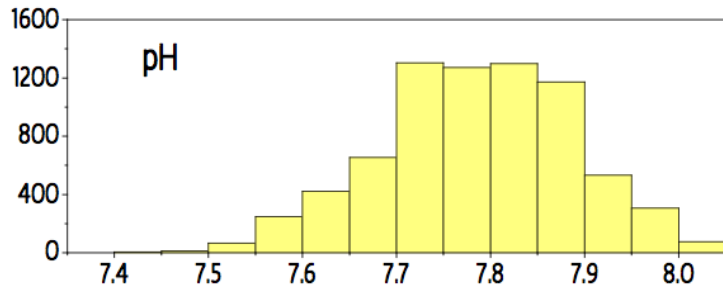
## Dissolved Oxygen:

- Normal diel pattern
- Rarely dropped below 4 mg/L



# Hourly Frequency

Frequency (hourly measurement)



Parameter	Mean	SD	Min	Med	Max
pH	7.8	0.1	7.4	7.8	8.0
DO (mg L <sup>-1</sup> )	5.51	0.53	2.04	5.55	7.03
Temperature (°C)	28.8	1.8	24.2	29.2	33.9
Salinity (ppt)	36.90	2.01	28.98	37.38	40.76

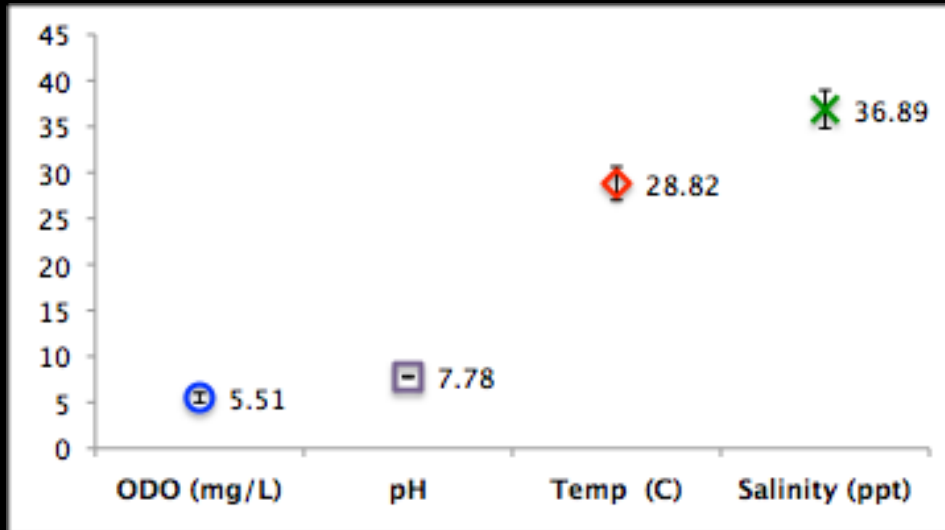


- pH had very little variation
- Temperature and Salinity exhibit seasonal clusters





# VI Water Quality Regulations



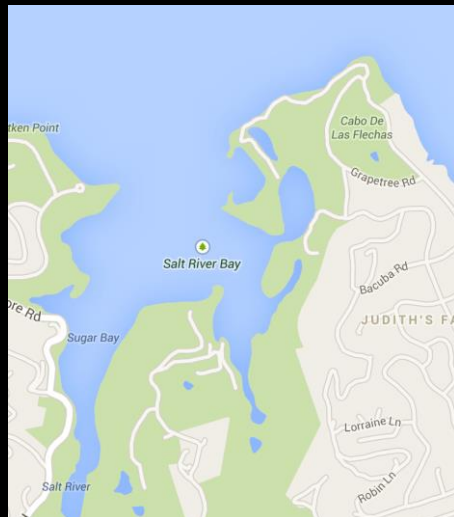
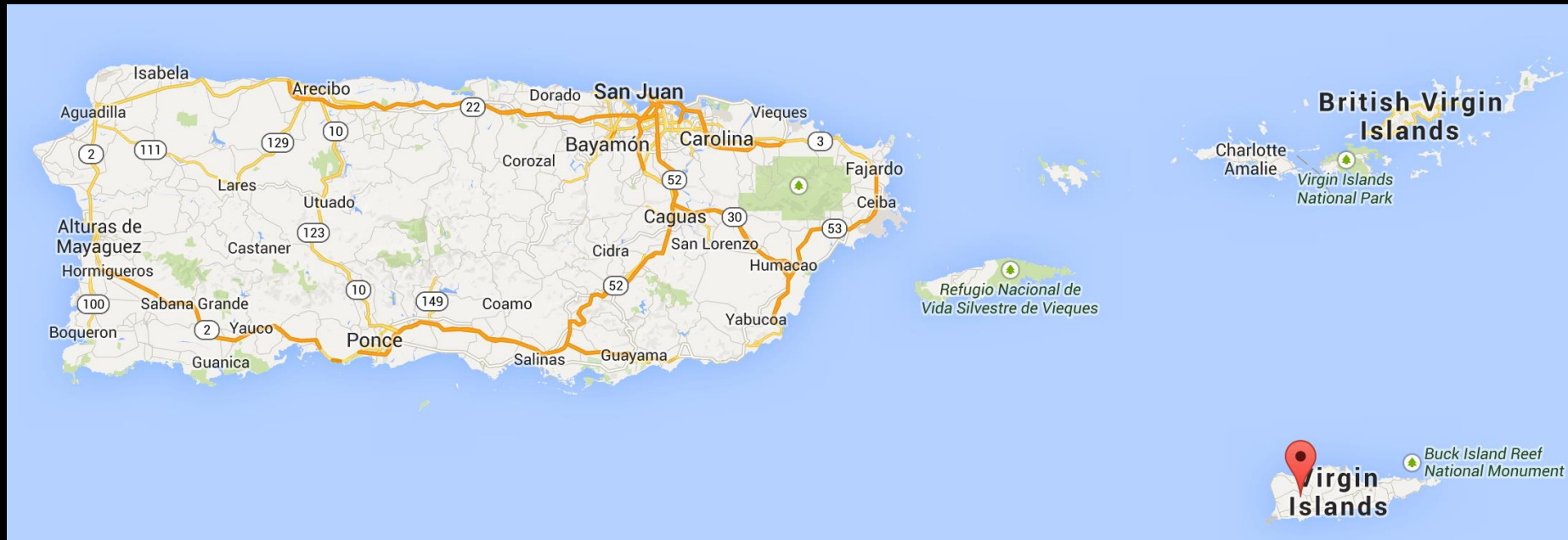
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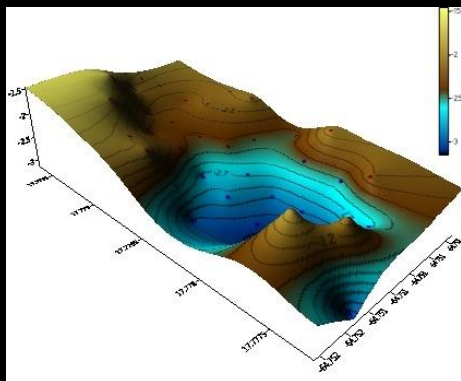
- Salt River is Class B
- Temperature - not to exceed 32 °C at any time
- DO - not < 5.5 mg L<sup>-1</sup> from other natural conditions
- pH is 7.0-8.3 (tolerable limit)



# Water Quality Comparison



Location	Area (m <sup>2</sup> )	pH	DO (mg L <sup>-1</sup> )	Temperature (°C)	Salinity (ppt)
Laguna Grande, PR	5			29.1±1.85	35.8±4.10
Mangrove Bay, VI	0.3	5.51±0.53	7.80±0.10	28.81±1.80	36.9±2.00



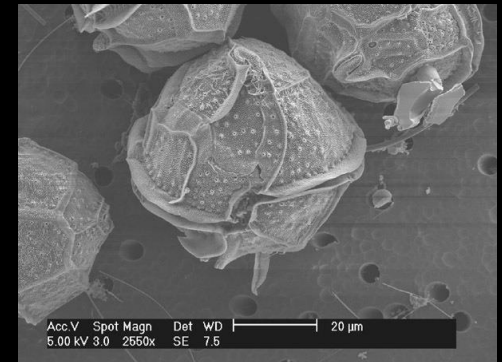


# Summary



[www.youtube.com](http://www.youtube.com)

- First bioluminescent bay characterized in US Virgin Islands
- Major contributor: *Pyrodinium bahamense*
- DO was slightly below VI regulation
- Temperature and pH were within regulation
- Water quality was comparable with Laguna Grande Bay



# THANK YOU

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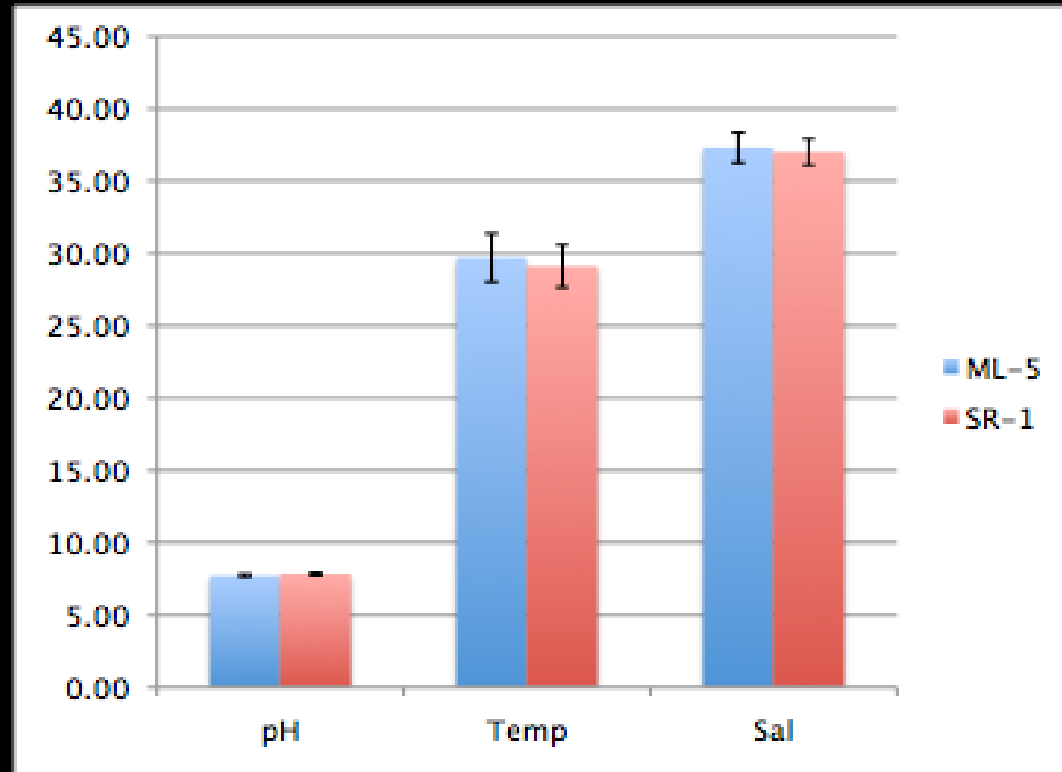
<https://sites.google.com/site/bcastillouvi/>







# Comparative Study on the Water Quality of Bioluminescent Mangrove Lagoon and Salt River Bay, St. Croix, USVI (Anthonios Doliotis, Su 2012)

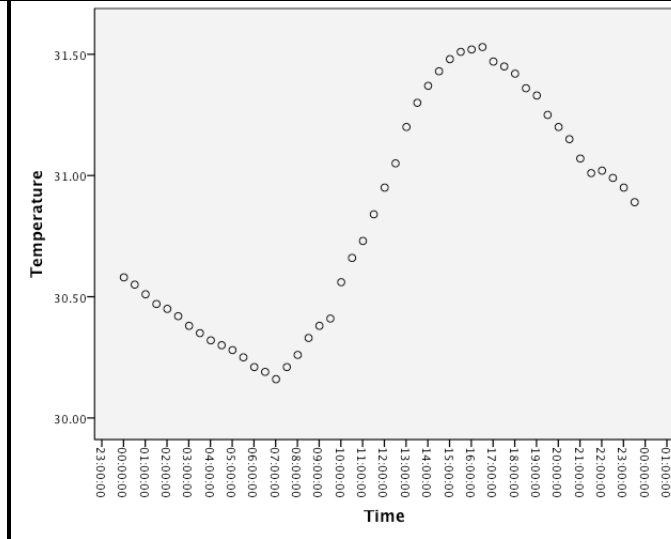
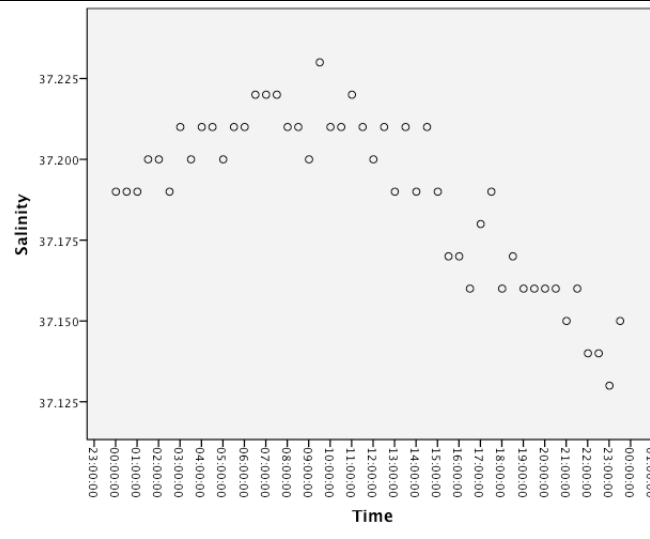
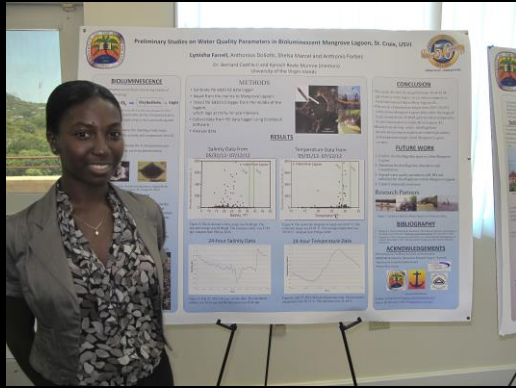


	pH	Temp (oC)	Sal (ppt)
ML-5	7.73	29.69	37.32
SR-1	7.84	29.13	37.01

- No significant difference in terms of pH, temperature and salinity
- No significant difference between day and night samples



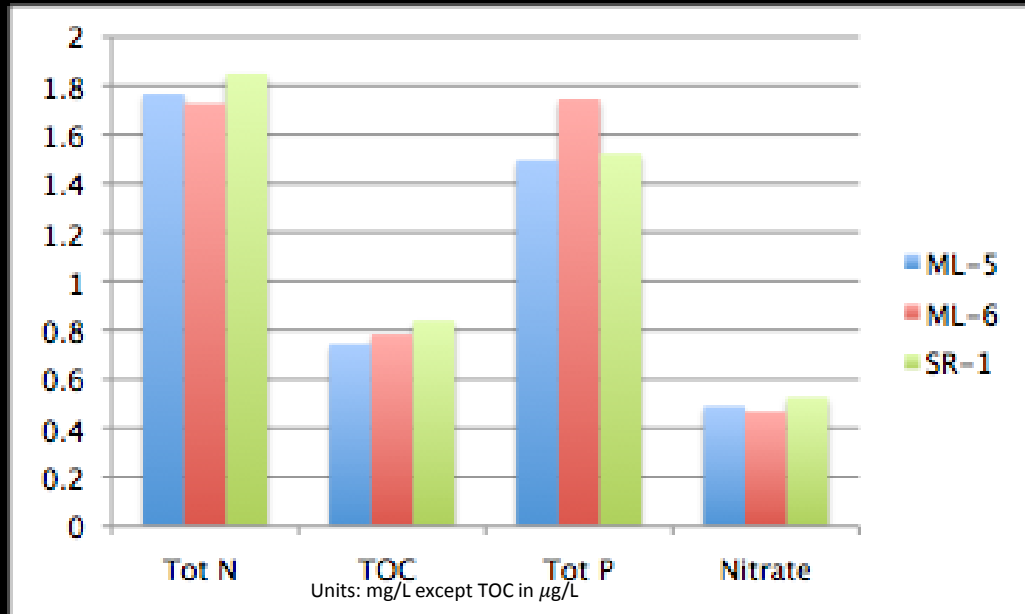
# Preliminary Results on Water Quality Parameters in Bioluminescent Mangrove Lagoon, St. Croix, USVI (Lynisha Farrell, Su 2012)



- The results for Mangrove's Salinity ranged between 36.04-38.48 ppt which is in the higher values versus the bioluminescent Indian River Lagoon, FL.
- The results of temperature ranged from 29.07-32.01°C which showed Mangrove Lagoon fell within the range of high concentrations of dinoflagellates versus the bioluminescence in Indian River Lagoon, FL.



# Comparative Study of Nutrient Content in Salt River Bay and Bioluminescent Mangrove Lagoon, St. Croix USVI (Jamila Martin & Lorne Joseph, Su 2013)



- Nutrients: Total N, Total P, Nitrates and Total Organic C
- The results of Pearson correlation analyses between Mangrove Lagoon and Salt River Bay did not reveal a significant difference for any of the nutrients tested.

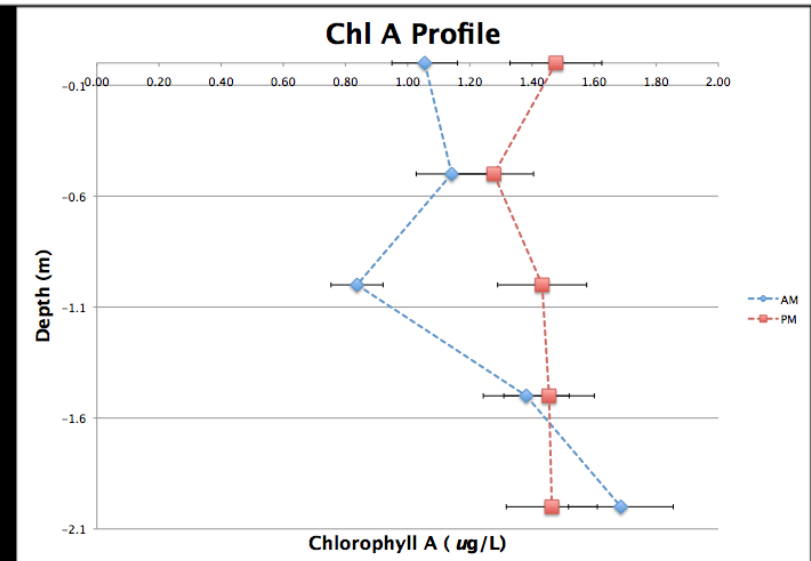
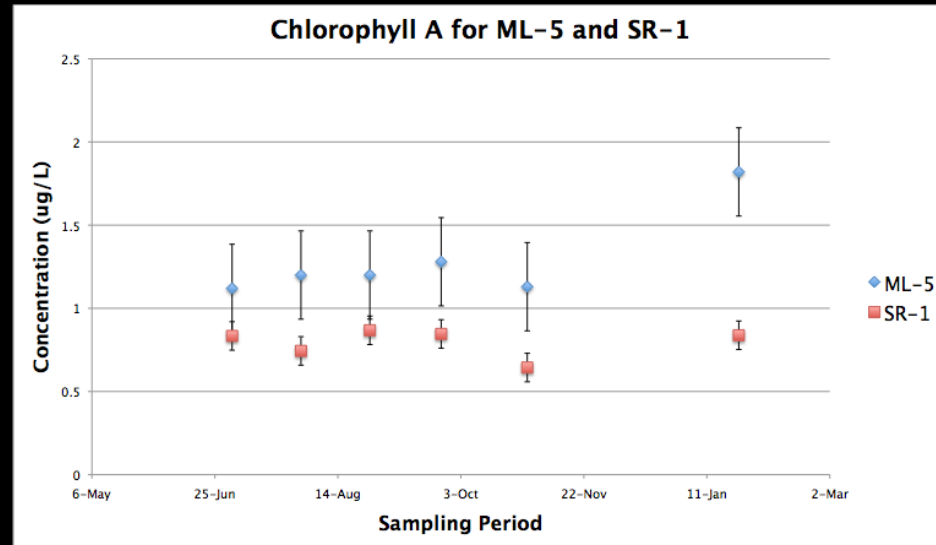




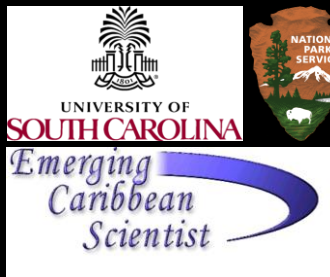


# Vertical Chlorophyll Profiles in Salt River Bay and Bioluminescent Mangrove Lagoon, St. Croix, US Virgin Islands (Gejæe Jeffers, Su 2013)

- Chl A was higher in Mangrove Lagoon
- Chl A was higher at the bottom during day then higher at the surface at night

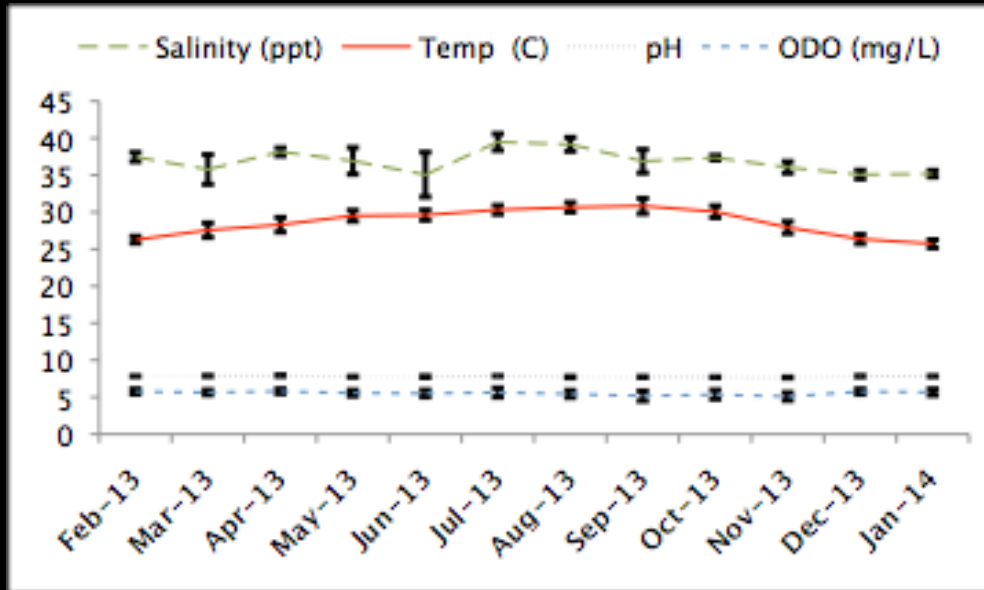


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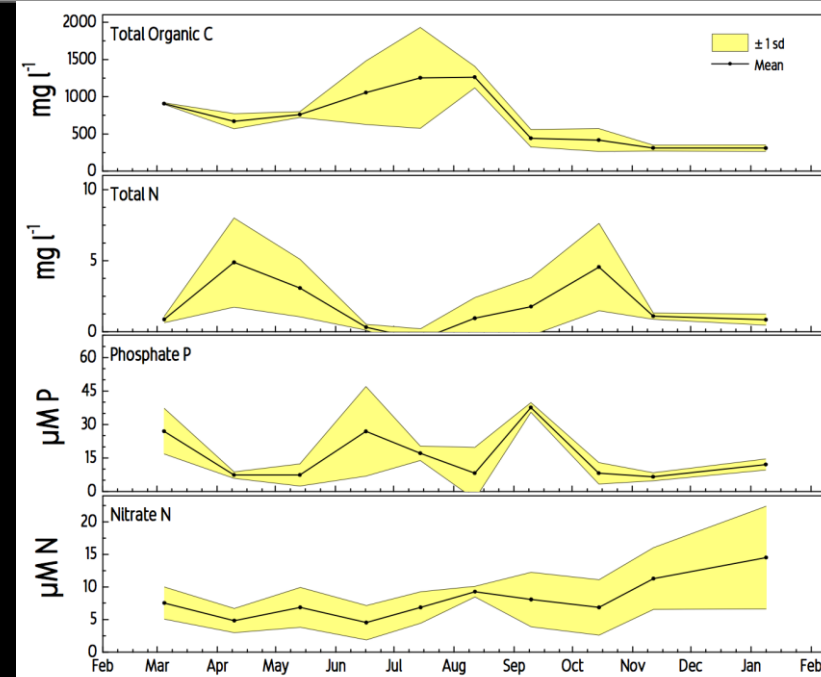
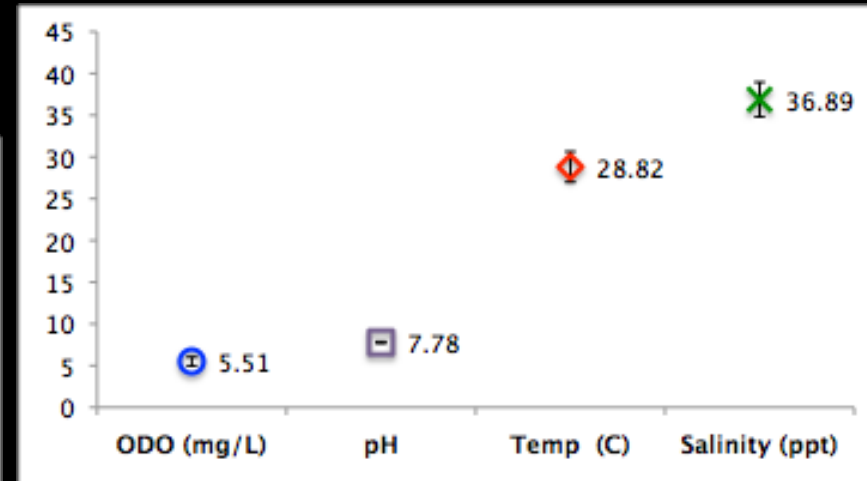




# Ecological Characterization of Bioluminescence in Mangrove Lagoon, Salt River Bay, St. Croix, USVI



- 16,172 data points at 1 hr interval
- Little variation in water quality
- Nutrients (N and P) concentrations were high during April-Jul
- Increase of N and P in November



Date (2013 - 2014)

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